

第1章 概観

1. トルーマン大統領が広島への原爆投下を知らされたのは、1945年8月2日に終了したポツダム会談から戻る米艦オーガスタの艦上であった。Richard Rhodes, *The Making of the Atomic Bomb* (New York: Simon & Schuster, 1995), 734.
2. "White House Press Release on Hiroshima, Statement by the President of the United States," August 6, 1945.
3. 前掲書。
4. "Establishment of a Commission to Deal with the Problems Raised by the Discovery of Atomic Energy," Resolution 1.1, General Assembly United Nations, January 24, 1946.
5. Otto Frisch and Rudolph Peierls, "On the Construction of a Super-bomb Based on a Nuclear Chain Reaction in Uranium, Memorandum" (Birmingham University, March 1940). Reprinted in Robert C. Williams and Philip L. Cantelon, eds., *The American Atom: A Documentary History of Nuclear Policies from the Discovery of Fission to the Present, 1939–1984* (Philadelphia: University of Pennsylvania Press, 1984).
6. 次からの引用。Rhodes, *The making of the Atomic Bomb*, 496.
7. J. Carson Mark, Theodore Taylor, Eugene Eyster, William Maraman, and Jacob Wechsler, "Can Terrorists Build Nuclear Weapons?," in Paul Leventhal and Jonah Wechsler, eds., *Preventing Nuclear Terrorism* (Lexington, MA: Lexington Books, 1987).
8. 2012年3月26日、ソウルの韓国外国語大学でのオバマ大統領の発言。
9. Atoms for Peace イニシアティブは、1953年12月8日、国連総会でのアイゼンハワー大統領のスピーチで始まった。
10. Luis W. Alvarez, *Adventures of a Physicist* (New York: Basic Books, 1987), 125.
11. Oleg Bukharin and William Potter, "Potatoes Were Guarded Better," *Bulletin of the Atomic Scientists*, June 1995.
12. Matthew Wald and William J. Broad, "Security Questions Are Raised by Break-in at a Nuclear Site," *New York Times*, August 7, 2012; William J. Broad, "The Nun Who Broke Into the Nuclear Sanctum," *New York Times*, August 10, 2012.